

DAILY HOME WORK OF CLASS 5

Date 29/05/2020

WRITE

हिंदी-व्यकरण

दिए गए शब्दों का जातिवाचक संज्ञा बनाएं-

बच्चा, देव, मानव, वीर, मत्त, पशु, शत्रु, पशु, माता /

वशेषण से बनाएं-

मीठा, प्यासा, गरम, वीर, भूखा /

निम्न लखत शब्दों से वाक्य बनाएं तथा बताएं क ये शब्द कस संज्ञा के है:

लखावट, पशुता, मुनि, हस्तिनापुर, अर्जुन

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Learn and write

Q1 10 sentences of feminine gender.

Q2 10 sentences of Masculine gender using plural form of nouns.

'Video CHAPTER GENDER and SINGULAR AND PLURAL

ENGLISH LITERATURE

Learn and write

Q1. 10 Words ending with 'ment' and their meanings also.

Q2. Why are we all staying at home?

Answer the above question widely.

S.S.T.

Q-1- Define the following- axis, grid, prime meridian.

Q2- Differentiate between longitude and latitude.

Video class 5 SST L-3-longitudes and latitudes (locating places) session 3,4

Science

Write - Name them

1- The control centre of the nervous system.

2- Spinal cord originates from this part of our brain.

3- The part of nervous system that are like telephonic wires.

4-Thick bundle of nerves.

Video- Science~Nervous system-Session 1,2

COMPUTER

Write the following questions and answers in your fair copy with proper headings and alignment.

Q5- Write some distinguishing characteristics of super computer.

Ans- Super Computers are the most advanced and fastest computers. They are also called the fifth generation computers. They are used for scientific research and for defence purposes. These computers are used by organisations for specific task and are specialised. Super Computers also includes Artificial Intelligence for example CRAY-I, CRAY-II, PARAM, etc.

EVOLUTION OF COMPUTER

Maths

Q-1. There was stock of 3567123 quintals of wheat in a godown of the food corporation of India. Out of this stock, 956341 quintals of wheat was sent to Haryana and 823658 quintals to Punjab. How much is the balance stock now ?

Videos: Class_5 Maths Operations on Large_Numbers

LEARN

S.S.T.

Learn-written work

Science

Learn- written work.

COMPUTER

LEARN THE WRITTEN HOME WORK.

Maths

Multiplicand : In a multiplication sum, the number to be multiplied is called multiplicand.

Multiplier : In a multiplication sum, the number to by which we multiply is called multiplier.

Product : The result of multiplication sum is called product.

Example : In $125 \times 3 = 375$, we have: multiplicand= 125, Multiplier= 3 and product= 375.